

Search for clues of life on ocean worlds through *in situ* chemical analyses and study of analog samples



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Titan and Europa are considered as ocean worlds with a global surbsurface ocean, and therefore are of high interest for astrobiology. Titan, a satellite of Saturne, has a thick atmosphere composed by N_2 Europa, a satellite of Jupiter, has a global subsurface ocean,

and CH₄ where a **complex chemistry** occurs. This atmospheric beneath an icy shell. Plumes were identified from Hubble Space chemistry leads to the formation of organic aerosols, that can telescope observations, leading to deposits of subsurface materials precipitate on the surface. The ice water of the surface can melt on the surface. In addition, with the identification of salts on the under certain conditions, leading to an interaction between liquid Europa surface, an interaction between ocean and the rock interior water and aerosols. This reaction could result in the formation of is supposed. Therefore, like in Earth oceans, this interaction could potential biomolecules. allow hydrothermalism, where life could thrive. The Europa lander mission concept was The Dragonfly mission was developped to developped to land on a plume deposit study surface composition of Titan thanks area to identify organics potentially related to the Dragonfly Mass Spectrometer system to life. To do so, Gas chromatography Mass (DraMS) which is composed by a Gas spectrometry was recommanded to chromatograph Mass spectrometer Dragonfly drone perform the chemical analysis Europa Lander concept Preparation of Dragonly in-situ Gas chromatography Mass spectrometry analysis with DraMS Principle Derivatization of amines Mass - Amines compounds expected on Titan surface. Could be involved in prebiotic chemistry. How GC-MS is able to detect amines with derivatization? Chromatograph Detection of derivatized amines up to Chromatographic eighteen carbon atoms → better with derivatization Gas chromatography (GC) \rightarrow retention times Comparison of non derivatized vs. derivatized amines Mass spectrometry (MS) Selection of the general chromatographic column for DraMS-GC fragmentation pattern Instrumental setup Study of analog samples preparation for $GC + MS \rightarrow$ strict identification of molecules future in-situ analysis of Europa in a sample Tirez lakes are hyper-saline environments with a complex ecosystem GC-MS and associated methods capable of detecting organic Sample pretreatment methods for molecules related to life despite the presence of salts ? improving detection Detection of organic molecules Pyrolysis Derivatization reaction related to microorganisms in the sample despite the salts: Thermal Fatty acids extraction **Bacterial metabolites** (up to 1000°C) Derivatized Tirez sample No amino acids or small peptides ? **Perspectives** Study of derivatization on biomolecules (small peptides, nucleobases)

Desalination protocol, comparison to micro-organisms culture (archaea)

JC² October 2022



